Leica Microsystems

China Site Mirror Hosting

Case Study



CDS Global Cloud April, 2017

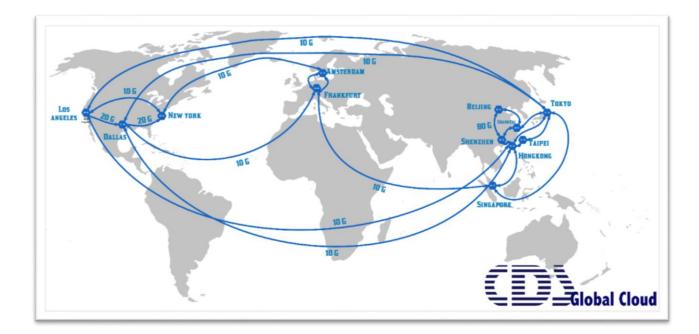
1.About CDS Global Cloud

CDS Global Cloud is a rapidly expanding international IaaS provider with multiple data centers in Asia, Europe and North America. Our Infrastructure-As-A-Service solutions and Global Private Network (GPN) are built to address the complete spectrum of enterprise workloads and support hybrid Cloud or dedicated Cloud architectures as well as colocation and migration.

With global sales office located in Dallas, Texas, CDS has rolled out data centers in the United States, Japan, Singapore, Amsterdam, Germany, China, Hong Kong, Taiwan and opening soon – Dubai and India. With the extensive footprint throughout the world, CDS is trusted by enterprises around the world to run their mission-critical applications in the Cloud.

CDS Global Cloud's parent company, Capital Online Technology, is the only non-government controlled cloud host in Mainland China with access to a dedicated, Layer 2 Internet connection between China and the rest of the world. Historically limited to state owned carriers in 2005 CDS's affiliate, Capital Online Technologies, became the first and the only non-governmental cloud hosting company to acquire access to one of these dedicated networks. In addition, Capital Technology is one of the very few internet providers with 4-line BGP capabilities in Mainland China.

Worldwide, CDS Global Cloud offers a reliable, fully virtualized Cloud platform with hybrid or dedicated hosting abilities, SSD+SAS+SATA Cloud storage and dedicated network capabilities. Together with Capitalonline Technology, CDS specialized in offering a cost effective dedicated Internet connection through the Great Fire Wall and high-speed internet access inside China.



2. Problem Description

Leica Micro Systems has its global website www.leica-microsystems.com is hosted in G

China office is managing a translated version of the global website (www.leicamicrosystems.com/cn, hosted in Generative y as well)

Problems

- Access speed to domain hosted outside China from inside China is slow. Verified with various other domains and setups.
- The site was blocked early May 2015 from inside China. We solved the block with changing the main website IP, which is not ideal as permanent solution.
- Leica is looking for a solution concept to improve the situation, both speed and access when the great firewall blocks the main site.
- > The domain has about sessions per month.
- of all sessions to www.leica-microsystems.com are related to China.
- The site is built with a content management system (www.typo3.org) and hosted in Hamburg, Germany.
- All content elements like text, images and downloadable files can be changed by local editors.
- Connection to Salesforce (www.salesforce.com) and Pardot (www.pardot.com) tracking to send form requests from the website (web2lead connector from Salesforce, user tracking through Pardot)

3. Problem Diagnoses

Upon receiving the request, CDS conducted a quick website uptime monitor from China location, the web server was down 17hours in a 24hours monitor period on a random day.



Further diagnoses was conducted.

Target: www.leica-microsystems.com

Analysis Method: Packet Tracking & Time Series Analysis

This analysis is based on data collected from Firefox by Mozilla[™] (data is listed page 8). The browser request resource by HTTP/s from the source site of Leica Microsystems and the data returned is recorded. During the analysis, the HTTP Status, HTTP Method, HTTP header, source, type, size and time event are recorded and used to evaluate the performance of the website in order to develop a solution.

	Inspector	🖸 Console 🔹 Debugger 🛛 { } Style Editor	🖾 Canvas 🛛 🖉 Perform	nance 🕼 Mei	morv =	Network			⊟ • ⊵] 🔒 🕸 🗖 🗖
È LA L		CS JS XHR Fonts Images Media Flas				Hothora	Ø 88 reque	sts, 3,008.76 KB, 5.76 s		
Status	Method	File	Domain	Cause	Туре	Transfer		0 ms 1.28 s 2.56		5.12 s
200	GET	/home/	🄏 www.leica-microsystems.c	JS document	html	9.38 KB		■ → 356 ms		
O 200		merged-fdc93bb4096c7e5184ff49f40678a1cf-88	🎽 www.leica-microsystems.c	stylesheet		64.06 KB	467.81 KB	■=== → 430 ms		
0 200		merged-397a2f0f6c2ba91296a6cf2cf2e7485d-f6	🔏 www.leica-microsystems.c	script		38.32 KB	107.84 KB	■ 1 → 521 ms		
0 200		merged-3528460d3fd5d12d4b422c3ace0f9b16-3	🔏 www.leica-microsystems.c			3.22 KB		📕 → 262 ms		
0 200	GET	slimbox.2.0.4.yui.js	🎽 www.leica-microsystems.c	script		2.42 KB	5.60 KB	■ → 261 ms		
0 200		jquery.carouFredSel-6.2.1.css	🔏 www.leica-microsystems.c	stylesheet		512 B	1.44 KB	■ → 263 ms		
0 200	GET	jquery.carouFredSel-6.2.1-packed.js	🔏 www.leica-microsystems.c			13.36 KB	53.50 KB	III → 274 ms		
200	GET	merged-5e9a44ef222446f26812d555d8f86093-c					117.71 KB	→ 647 ms		
200	GET	merged-478a438dfb7ac8ed87183cdab5071361-0				10.46 KB	35.78 KB	→ 399 ms		
200	GET	gtm.js?id=GTM-MZK9XZ	www.googletagmanager.com		js '	21.76 KB 225.50 KB	57.64 KB 225.50 KB	→ 44 ms		
200200	GET	super-resolution-ban.jpg	 www.leica-microsystems.c www.leica-microsystems.c 		jpeg jpeg	93.14 KB	93.14 KB	→ 816 ms		
200200	GET GET	sCMOS-Camera-LeicaDFC9000.jpg	 www.ieica-microsystems.c www.leica-microsystems.c 		jpeg	168.27 KB	168.27 KB	→ 449 ms		
200	GET	documentation-microscope.jpg	www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	77.62 KB	77.62 KB	→ 898 ms		
200	GET	proveo8-hpbanner-n.jpg	www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	116.27 KB	116.27 KB	→ 771 ms		
200		dmi8-inverted-microscope.jpg	www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	39.66 KB	39.66 KB	→ 470 ms		
200	GET	Leica_ICC50_W_EZ4_W_banner.jpg	www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	118.26 KB	118.26 KB	→ 863 ms		
9 200		csm_light-microscopes-1400x1400_19_4a5bbc	www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	7.44 KB	7.44 KB	1996 ms		
0 200	GET	csm_confocalmicroscopes-ressource_03_77ac	🔏 www.leica-microsystems.c	img	jpeg	8.38 KB	8.38 KB	1000 - → 745 ms		
0 200		Stereomicroscopes-1400x1400_09_352cd	🔏 www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	7.64 KB	7.64 KB	1880 m s		
o 200	GET	🔄 csm_digital-microscopes-res_06_9868e74a58	💋 www.leica-microsystems.c	img	jpeg	7.25 KB	7.25 KB	1999 1 → 886 m:		
0 200		🖳 csm_surgical-microscopes-1400x1_07_89c3e4	🔏 www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg		6.53 KB	913 ms		
0 200	GET	Esm_oct-res_02_25435500d9.jpg	🔏 www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	5.86 KB	5.86 KB	→ 975 m		
0 200		sm_EM-Sample-Prep_fb301ca2df.jpg	// www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	5.91 KB	5.91 KB	1119		
0 200	GET	sm_microscope-cameras-res_bc57f6ed29.jpg	// www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	4.71 KB	4.71 KB	→ 1014 i		
0 200	GET	csm_microscope-software-ressource_01_60c6	www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	6.51 KB	6.51 KB	→ 1027		
200	GET	csm_objetives_02_58af8efe38.jpg	// www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	5.75 KB	5.75 KB	→ 1046		
200200	GET	Com_super-resolution-resource-image_03n_09	www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	7.46 KB 5.79 KB	7.46 KB 5.79 KB	→ 1106		
200200	GET GET	sm_used-microscopes-res_e4b550f5ef.jpg	 www.leica-microsystems.c www.leica-microsystems.c 		jpeg jpeg	6.43 KB	6.43 KB	→ 1122		
200200	GET	csm_fair_aeedc_30a2013943.png	 www.ieica-microsystems.c www.leica-microsystems.c 		png	7.70 KB	7.70 KB	→ 1152		
200	GET	Leica_ICC50_W_EZ4_W_banner.jpg	Www.leica-microsystems.c		jpeg	118.26 KB	118.26 KB		→ 1422 ms	
0 200	GET	conversion_async.js	// www.googleadservices.com	JS script		4.85 KB	12.37 KB	I → 63 m	s	
0 200		conversion_async.js	🔏 www.googleadservices.com	US script		4.85 KB	12.37 KB	I → 69 m		
<mark>o</mark> 200		conversion_async.js	🖋 www.googleadservices.com	IS script		4.85 KB	12.37 KB	 → 70 m		
0 200		conversion_async.js	Swww.googleadservices.com	JS script		4.85 KB	12.37 KB			
0 200	GET	conversion_async.js	# www.googleadservices.com	US script		4.85 KB	12.37 KB	→ 71 m	s	
0 200		conversion_async.js	www.googleadservices.com			4.85 KB	12.37 KB	∥ → 69 m		
0 200	GET	conversion_async.js	www.googleadservices.com			4.85 KB	12.37 KB	II → 89 n		
200	GET	conversion_async.js	Www.googleadservices.com			4.85 KB	12.37 KB	II → 96 n		
▲ 302	GET	/pagead/viewthroughconversion/969718044/?r			gif	42 B 15.60 KB	42 B 41.87 KB		+ 122 ms	
200202	GET	dc.js	stats.g.doubleclick.net	US script	js gif	15.60 KB 42 B	41.87 KB 42 B		+ 108 ms	
▲ 302▲ 302	GET GET	/pagead/viewthroughconversion/970564408/?r /pagead/viewthroughconversion/969718044/?r	googleads.g.doubleclick.net		gií	42 B	42 B		→ 1226 m	
▲ 302 ▲ 302	GET	/pagead/viewthroughconversion/969/18044/?r /pagead/viewthroughconversion/970302602/?r			gif	42 B	42 B 42 B		→ 863 ms	
▲ 302 ▲ 302	GET	/pagead/viewthoughconversion/1005660863/			gif	42 B	42 B		→ 213 ms	
▲ 302	GET	/pagead/viewthroughconversion/966905763/?r			gif	42 B	42 B		I → 278 ms	
▲ 302		/pagead/viewthroughconversion/987475969/?r				42 B	42 B		I → 110 ms	
▲ 302	GET	/pagead/viewthroughconversion/960451195/?r	googleads.g.doubleclick.net	US img	gif	42 B	42 B		I → 78 ms	
0 200		/ads/user-lists/969718044/?fmt=3#=1&cv				42 B	42 B			
0 200	GET	/ads/user-lists/1005660863/?fmt=3#=1&c	A www.google.com	img		42 B	42 B		→ 24	ms
9 200		/ads/user-lists/966905763/?fmt=3#=1&cv	A www.google.com			42 B	42 B			
0 200	GET	/ads/user-lists/970302602/?fmt=3#=1&cv	www.google.com	img	gif	42 B	42 B		I → 39	ms
9 200		/ads/user-lists/987475969/?fmt=3#=1&cv				42 B	42 B		→ 38	
200	GET	/ads/user-lists/960451195/?fmt=3#=1&cv		img	gif	42 B	42 B		→ 38	
0 200		/ads/user-lists/969718044/?fmt=3#=1&cv				42 B	42 B		→ 39	
0 200	GET	_utm.gif?utmwv=5.6.7dc&utms=2&utmn=7577		JS img	gif	35 B	35 B		→ 41	
200		/ads/user-lists/970564408/?fmt=3#=1&cv		img		42 B	42 B			27 ms
200	GET	pd.js	<pre>// cdn.pardot.com</pre>	US script		1.90 KB	5.24 KB			→ 11 ms
200	GET	pixel?d=KAE	bid.g.doubleclick.net	JS subdocum			0 B 835 B			→ 30 ms
200	GET	analytics?ver=3&visitor_id=19126435π_opt_in=&		JS script		489 B 52 B	835 B 45 B			→ 135 ms
0 200	GET	analytics?conly=true&visitor_id=19126435π_opt	wwwz.ieica-microsystems	es script	js	- 52 B	40 D			II → 104 ms

3.1 DATA SOURCE ANALYSIS

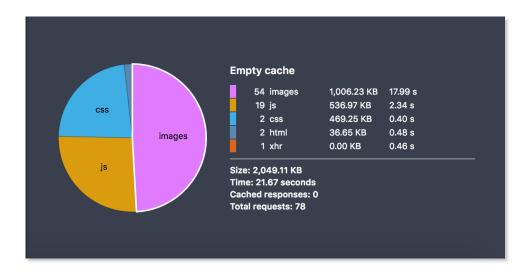
As the data shows, all the resources on Leica's website are from the following six domains:

- 1. leica-microsystems.com
- 2. googletagmanager.com BLOCKED in China
- 3. <u>googleadservices.com</u> BLOCKED in China
- 4. <u>doubleclick.net</u> BLOCKED in China
- 5. google.com BLOCKED in China
- 6. <u>pardot.com</u>

From the list above we can conclude that, including large amount of resources from the blocked third party website are the main reason of the long response time for the main site in China.

3.2 SERVER CACHE ANALYSIS

The cache analysis is conducted in a browser with an empty cache. The graph here below shows that the images are the main cause of the long response time in China. It takes approximately 18 seconds to load all the images and a total of up to 21.67 second to load all the contents.



3.3 COMPREHENSIVE ANALYSIS

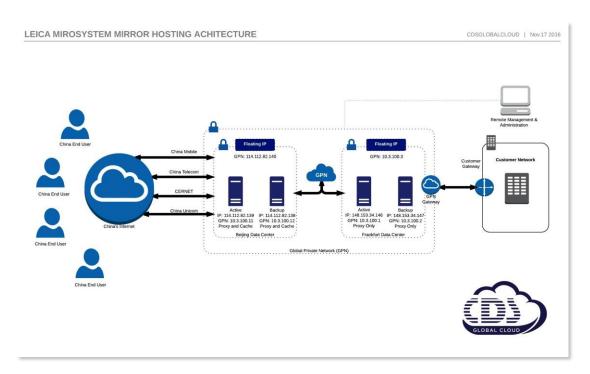
As stated above, the slow page load time is caused by the blocked third party websites and large HD graphics.

China's Great Firewall gateway works in the way that it keeps the connection on for the blocked content, but returns with nothing. Since the connectivity is still valid, the web browser, instead of skipping the blocked content and move on, keeps loading and never stops.

The transmission of this content is based on HTTP/TCP stack. By default, the TCP Window Scaling mechanism limits the startup transmission speed and are extremely sensitive to network quality. From the chart we can tell, it took more than 290ms for a round-trip delay time from China to Germany JUST to establish a TCP link!

Overall speaking, the poor network quality and long distance delay are the root causes of the instability of the Leica Microsystems website. Based on the conclusion, we designed and built the solution below to solve the problem.

4. CDS Solution



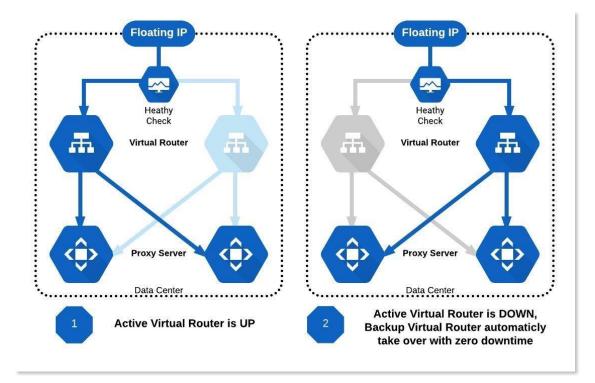
4.1General Architecture

The proxy servers located in CDS' Frankfurt Data Center retrieve data from Leica Microsystems' origin web server (<u>https://www.leica-microsystems.com/</u>) and direct the traffic from Leica Microsystems' website into CDS' GPN. Then, the proxy/caching servers located in CDS' Beijing Data Center can retrieve and cache data from the CDS GPN directly.

The static data (pictures, CSS, javascript, etc.) is cached in Beijing Data Center and the dynamic data is transmitted to Leica Microsystems' origin server through CDS' GPN.

Users in China request data directly from CDS' Beijing Data Center. The cloud server returns all the cached data directly from Beijing, which shortens the page load time and reduces the down time of the website.

After testing, we concluded that the whole system as stated above is operational.



4.2ACTIVE-BACKUP FAILOVER MODEL

Inside each data center, there are two server groups running in duplicate. This activebackup ensures high availability of the customer's website. The two server groups are managed by VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) and share one floating IP. If the active server is down, the backup server will assume the floating IP and continue the service.

As tested in debug mode, both the server groups are operational in Beijing and in the Frankfurt Data Center. If the active server is shutdown manually, the backup server will assume the floating IP automatically and continue service as stated in previous section, ensuring continued operation.

5. Pre-Launching Prove Of Concept

5.1 Security Tests

Security is one of our main concerns when deploying services for our customers. CDS Global Cloud makes every effort to protect our customers' data and ensure the performance of our services.

DATACENTER SECURITY

The data center is close to the city on the edge of the 6th ring road which facilitates maintenance to the machine room.

The location is not in an earthquake zone or flood disaster area and is considered a geographical safe zone.

The municipal supporting resources are abundant, suitable for the operation of a largescale data center.

A smart video monitor system is active.

Intelligent access control system, magnetic card and biometric authentication are required for entrance.

Each cabinet is provided with an independent door lock

Professional security is on duty 7/24 hours.

SERVER SECURITY

A cloud server is the basic unit providing the service and to better secure the server, firewalls are established in front of every cloud server deployed. The firewalls run in an application layer and filter all the segments traveling in and out the cloud servers.

Generally speaking, the firewall deployed only allows data though TCP port 80 (HTTP), TCP port 433 (HTTPs) and TCP port 22 (SSH) coming inside to the cloud server. TCP port 80 and 433 are reserved for web applications. To provide web services to end users, these two ports are required to remain open. TCP port 22 is for SSH connection and is opened for the necessary maintenance on the server.

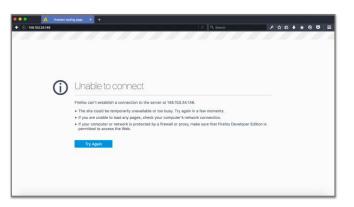
After testing, all servers equipped with firewalls can only be accessed by HTTP/s and SSH.

APPLICATION/NETWORK SECURITY

Security policies are also deployed on service level.

The proxy servers in the middle (Ex.: Frankfurt Data Center) are not exposed to the internet. and is not accessible directly from the IP address. This prevents the server from Man-in-Middle attack and ensures the content is not altered.

The proxy services in Frankfurt are not accessible to the internet and all data



sent in and out of the Frankfurt Data Center is protected by transition via GPN — a private network accessible only by Leica Microsystems' cloud server located in CDS' data centers.

At the CDS' Beijing Data Center, the web services are provided to the public end-users. However, the web service is only accessible by Leica Microsystems' domain name (<u>leica-</u><u>microsystems.com</u> and leica-microsystems.com.cn). Users trying to access the service though IP

404 Page not found: Leica チ ☆ 自 ↓ 合 の 🔍 = leica PRODUCTS APPLICATIONS NEWS & EVENTS COMPANY SERVICE CONTACT SEARCH Follow us Page Not Found f 🗾 in 🖸 👪 Sorry. The page you were looking for could not be found. Your Options Go to Homes Search our Site Browse Sitemap <u>Contact Us</u>

addresses and other domain names will be receive a response in partial content and a HTTP 404

page.

5.2 Performance test — Time Based

The 24/7 performance test is carried out by Monitis[™]. The monitor sends one request per minute from China. From the test above we see that the down time of the origin site was 4 hours and the up time was only 83.5%. In comparison, CDS' mirror site had an up time of 99.8%.



We can conclude that the CDS' proxy server would improve the customers' server's

uptime and enhance the end-user experience.

5.3 Performance test — Location Based

This test was carried out to test the CDS' proxy performance in different regions of China. Because the proxy server is located in CDS' Beijing Data Center, we need to be sure that it also has outstanding response time in the other regions of China.

From the graphic, the response time in the majority of China is less than 50ms and outlying regions is 50-100 ms. (See the detailed table on page 9 and 10.)



5.4 Performance test — Load (Concurrent) Test

In this test, there is 10 clients requesting the proxy server simultaneously during the 10 seconds period. The test host continues to send requests regardless of whether the previous requests have been answered. During this test, 1344 requests were sent in 10 seconds, all of which succeed.

This test showed that the CDS proxy server can handle thousands of request per 10

Webbench - Simple Web Benchmark 1.5 Copyright (c) Radim Kolar 1997-2004, GPL Open Source Software. Benchmarking: GET http://leica-microsystems.com/ (using HTTP/1.1) 10 clients, running 30 sec, early socket close. Speed=2688 pages/min, 0 bytes/sec. Requests: 1344 susceed, 0 failed.

seconds.

No.	Monitor From (In English)	Monitor From (In Chinese)	Respons
1	HuBei	湖北随州[电信]	28r
2	HongKong	香港[电信]	40r
3	ShangHai	上海[电信]	31r
4	FuJian	福建福州[电信]	97r
5	ZheJiang	浙江绍兴[电信]	28r
6	JiangXi	江西新余[电信]	33r
7	JiangSu	江苏徐州[电信]	36r
8	LiaoNing	辽宁沈阳[电信]	21r
9	LiaoNing	辽宁大连[电信]	20r
10	GuangDong	广东佛山[电信]	37r
11	ChongQing	重庆[电信]	62r
12	GuangXi	广西南宁[电信]	48r
13	GuangDong	广东汕尾[电信]	41r
14	GuangXi	广西南宁[电信]	42r
15	HuNan	湖南长沙[电信]	76r
16	HuBei	湖北孝感[电信]	34r
17	GuiZhou	贵州兴义[电信]	29r
18	JiangSu	江苏泰州[电信]	73r
19	JiangSu	江苏扬州[电信]	25r
20	Beijing	北京[电信]	34r
21	GuangDong	广东惠州[电信]	4n
22	GuangDong	广东广州[电信]	36r
23	XinJiang	新疆哈密[电信]	38r
24	JiangSu	江苏常州[电信]	58r
25	AnHui	安徽合肥[电信]	33r
26	ShanXi	山西太原[电信]	26r
27	YunNan	云南昆明[电信]	16r
28	HuBei	湖北孝感[电信]	70r
29	ShanXi	陕西西安[电信]	27r
30	GuanDong	广东东莞[电信]	23r
31	JiangSu	江苏镇江[电信]	37r
32	FuJian	福建福州[电信]	36r

Response Time from Different Provinces in China

Response Time from Different Provinces in China- Cont.

No.	Monitor From (In English)	Monitor From (In Chinese)	Response Time
33	HuBei	湖北荆门[电信]	42ms53
34	FuJian	福建福州[电信]	28ms55
35	GuanDong	广东深圳[电信]	46ms52
36	ZheJiang	浙江绍兴[电信]	45ms51
37	ZheJiang	浙江温州[电信]	25ms53
38	HuBei	湖北仙桃市[电信]	31ms55
39	JiangSu	江苏镇江[电信]	81ms52
40	Inner Mongolia	内蒙古呼和浩特[电信]	30ms54
41	LiaoNing	辽宁沈阳[电信]	47ms52
42	HeNan	河南洛阳[多线]	19ms54
43	HeNan	河南洛阳[多线]	24ms55
44	ShangHai	上海[多线]	25ms49
45	GuanDong	广东茂名[多线]	45ms54
46	JiangXi	江西南昌[多线]	29ms53
47	ZheJiang	浙江绍兴[多线]	55ms54
48	Beijing	北京[联通]	3ms53
49	ShanXi	山西晋城[联通]	28ms53
50	FuJian	福建福州[联通]	107ms51
51	JiangSu	江苏宿迁[联通]	44ms51
52	JiangSu	江苏徐州[联通]	36ms53
53	JiLin	吉林延边[联通]	33ms51
54	XinJiang	新疆石河子[联通]	63ms52
55	GuangDong	广东深圳[联通]	49ms50
56	ShanDong	山东青岛[联通]	19ms51
57	HeBei	河北秦皇岛[联通]	11ms52
58	ShanXi	山西运城[联通]	22ms53
59	LiaoNing	辽宁大连[联通]	20ms52
60	HeNan	河南新乡[联通]	15ms51
61	HeiLongJiang	黑龙江哈尔滨[联通]	28ms51
62	HeiLongJiang	黑龙江哈尔滨[联通]	25ms52
63	FuJian	福建福州[移动]	49ms52
64	JiangXi	江西鹰潭[移动]	31ms51
65	ShanDong	山东枣庄[移动]	42ms50

6. Commercial Launch Review

Customer adopted Geo-DNS before cutting over to CDS proxy/Cache server. CDS provided monitor report for global site performance for comparison.

Uptime Monitors



Monitoring Location: All Apr 17, 2017 - Apr 23, 2017

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms) ²	Times Failed from All Locations(#) ³
<u>www.leica-</u> <u>microsystems.co</u> <u>m</u>	http	99.92	564.8	8

¹ **Uptime (%)** - If at least one location has returned OK, the All Locations result for the check is assigned OK status. Uptime (%) for a given time interval is calculated as the number of OKs divided over the number of checks.

² **Average Response Time (ms)** - For each check that has returned OK as the All Locations result, the smallest response time among all locations is determined. Average Response Time for a given time interval is calculated as average of the smallest response times across checks.

³ **Times Failed from All Locations (#)** - For a given interval the number of times failure was returned by all locations during the check.

Monitoring Location: Japan

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.81	1381.34	18

Monitoring Location: US-MID2

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.67	881.13	33

Monitoring Location: China

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> <u>microsystems.co</u> <u>m</u>	http	<mark>99.84</mark>	<mark>615.93</mark>	<mark>15</mark>

Monitoring Location: US-EST

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.85	708.37	15

Monitoring Location: US-WST

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.86	987.8	14

Reference of Weekly Performance Before launching

Uptime Monitors



Monitoring Location: All Mar 06, 2017 - Mar 12, 2017

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms) ²	Times Failed from All Locations(#) ³
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co m	http	99.87	690.86	13

¹ **Uptime (%)** - If at least one location has returned OK, the All Locations result for the check is assigned OK status. Uptime (%) for a given time interval is calculated as the number of OKs divided over the number of checks.

² **Average Response Time (ms)** - For each check that has returned OK as the All Locations result, the smallest response time among all locations is determined. Average Response Time for a given time interval is calculated as average of the smallest response times across checks.

³ **Times Failed from All Locations (#)** - For a given interval the number of times failure was returned by all locations during the check.

Monitoring Location: Japan

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> <u>microsystems.co</u> <u>m</u>	http	99.79	1385.22	21

Monitoring Location: US-MID2

Monitor Name	e Uptime(%)	Name Typ Uptime(%) Average Response	onse Time (ms)	Failures(#)
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<u>www.leica-</u> <u>microsystems.co</u> <u>m</u>	http	99.78	857.02	22
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Monitoring Location: China

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> <u>microsystems.co</u> <u>m</u>	http	<mark>86.91</mark>	<mark>1946.05</mark>	<mark>1318</mark>

Monitoring Location: US-EST

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.83	685.8	16

Monitoring Location: US-WST

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.77	933.98	23

Reference of Monthly Performance Before launching

Uptime Monitors



Monitoring Location: All January, 2017

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%) ¹	Average Response Time (ms) ²	Times Failed from All Locations(#) ³
<u>www.leica-</u> <u>microsystems.co</u> <u>m</u>	http	99.83	673.46	73

¹ **Uptime (%)** - If at least one location has returned OK, the All Locations result for the check is assigned OK status. Uptime (%) for a given time interval is calculated as the number of OKs divided over the number of checks.

² **Average Response Time (ms)** - For each check that has returned OK as the All Locations result, the smallest response time among all locations is determined. Average Response Time for a given time interval is calculated as average of the smallest response times across checks.

³ **Times Failed from All Locations (#)** - For a given interval the number of times failure was returned by all locations during the check.

Monitoring Location: Japan

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.76	1373.45	105

Monitoring Location: US-MID2

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
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<u>www.leica-</u> <u>microsystems.co</u> http <u>m</u>	99.75	845.28	108	
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Monitoring Location: China

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	<mark>88.31</mark>	<mark>2369.29</mark>	<mark>5201</mark>

Monitoring Location: US-EST

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.76	664.13	104

Monitoring Location: US-WST

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> <u>microsystems.co</u> <u>m</u>	http	99.77	971.5	100

Uptime Monitors



Monitoring Location: All February, 2017

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%) ¹	Average Response Time (ms) ²	Times Failed from All Locations(#) ³
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.86	682.76	56

¹ **Uptime (%)** - If at least one location has returned OK, the All Locations result for the check is assigned OK status. Uptime (%) for a given time interval is calculated as the number of OKs divided over the number of checks.

² **Average Response Time (ms)** - For each check that has returned OK as the All Locations result, the smallest response time among all locations is determined. Average Response Time for a given time interval is calculated as average of the smallest response times across checks.

³ **Times Failed from All Locations (#)** - For a given interval the number of times failure was returned by all locations during the check.

Monitoring Location: Japan

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co m	http	99.71	1385	114

Monitoring Location: US-MID2

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> <u>microsystems.co</u> <u>m</u>	http	99.71	847.08	115

Monitoring Location: China

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	<mark>87.59</mark>	<mark>2107.98</mark>	<mark>4999</mark>

Monitoring Location: US-EST

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.76	671.5	94

Monitoring Location: US-WST

Monitor Name	Тур е	Uptime(%)	Average Response Time (ms)	Failures(#)
<u>www.leica-</u> microsystems.co <u>m</u>	http	99.74	961.93	102

Conclusion, CDS Mirror Hosting project improved the customer's web performance in China by 80% in term of page load time. Proven performance comparable to global user experience.

If you are interested in this solution for your company, please contact CDS Global Cloud at sales@cdsglobalcloud.com